Watson - DI

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Watson Di is a simple dependency injection container that can store and retrieve dependencies.

CHAPTER 1

Build Status

Installation

pip install watson-di

Testing

Watson can be tested with py.test. Simply activate your virtualenv and run python setup.py test.

Contributing

If you would like to contribute to Watson, please feel free to issue a pull request via Github with the associated tests for your code. Your name will be added to the AUTHORS file under contributors.

Table of Contents

5.1 Usage

The container is configured via a dict containing the following keys:

- **params** A dict of data that can be injected into a dependency. If the value of the key is the same as the name of another dependency then the dependency will be referenced.
- definitions A dict of definitions that are to be loaded by the container. Available keys within a definition are:

item The qualified name of a class or function

- **type** singleton (only load the dependency once) or prototype (instantiate and return a new dependency on each request)
- init A list or dict of items to be injected into the dependency on instantiation.

setter A list or dict of methods to be called upon instantiation.

property: A list or dict of methods to be called upon instantiation.

Only 'item' is a required key.

processors A dict of events to be listened for and processors to be called.

```
container = IocContainer({
    'params': {
        'db.host': 'localhost'
    },
    'definitions': {
        'database': {
            'item': 'db.adapters.MySQL'
            'init': {
                'host': 'db.host',
                'username': 'simon',
                'password': 'test',
                'db': 'test'
            }
        }
    }
})
db = container.get('database') # an instance of db.adapters.MySQL
```

5.2 Reference Library

5.2.1 watson.di

class watson.di.ContainerAware

An interface for classes that should have a container.

Primarily used by the IocContainer, any class that subclasses it will have the container it was called from automatically injected into it.

This allows classes to use the container as a service locator.

By defining a <u>__ioc_definition__</u> on the class, any class that is retrieved from the container that hasn't been defined can create itself based off the definition.

container

watson.di.container.locContainer

A reference to the container

_ioc_definition_

dict

A definition required to create the object

container

Returns The instance of the injected container.

5.2.2 watson.di.container

```
class watson.di.container.IocContainer (config=None)
```

A simple dependency injection container that can store and retrieve dependencies for an application.

The container is configured via a dict containing the following keys.

- **params** A dict of data that can be injected into a dependency. If the value of the key is the same as the name of another dependency then the dependency will be referenced.
- **definitions** A dict of definitions that are to be loaded by the container. Available keys within a definition are as follows.

item The qualified name of a class or function

- **type** singleton (only load the dependency once) or prototype (instantiate and return a new dependency on each request)
- init A list or dict of items to be injected into the dependency on instantiation.

setter A list or dict of methods to be called upon instantiation.

property Same as setter

Only 'item' is a required key.

processors A dict of events to be listened for and processors to be called.

Example:

```
container = IocContainer({
    'params': {
        'db.host': 'localhost'
    },
```

```
'definitions': {
    'database': {
        'item': 'db.adapters.MySQL'
        'init': {
            'host': 'db.host',
            'username': 'simon',
            'password': 'test',
            'db': 'test'
        }
    }
    db = container.get('database')  # an instance of db.adapters.MySQL
```

config

dict

A dict containing the definitions, params and processors.

__instantiated__

dict

A cache of already instantiated dependencies.

```
__init__(config=None)
```

Initializes the container and set some default configuration options.

Parameters config (*dict*) – The params, definitions and processors.

```
_get_dependency (definition)
```

Loads a definition item.

```
add (name, obj, type_='singleton')
```

Add an instantiated dependency to the container.

Parameters

- **name** (*string*) The name used to reference the dependency
- obj (mixed) The dependency to add
- **type** (*string*) prototypelsingleton depending on if it should be instantiated on each Ioc-Container.get call.

add_definition (name, definition)

Adds a dependency definition to the container.

Parameters

- name (*string*) The name used to reference the dependency
- **definition** (*dict*) The definition of the dependency.

attach_processor(event, processor)

Attach a processor to the container.

Attaches a processor to the container that will be triggered on a specific event.

Parameters

- event (*string*) The name of the event (watson.di.container.POST_EVENT or PRE_EVENT)
- processor (watson.di.processors.BaseProcessor) The processor to attach.

definitions

Convenience method for retrieving the definitions.

Returns A dict of params.

Return type dict

get (name)

Retrieve a dependency from the container.

Parameters name (*string*) – The name of the dependency to retrieve.

Raises KeyError - If the definition or item within the definition are not specified.

Returns The dependency

Return type mixed

params

Convenience method for retrieving the params.

Returns A dict of params.

Return type dict

5.2.3 watson.di.processors

class watson.di.processors.AttributeInjection

Responsible for injecting required values into attributes.

Parameters event (*watson.events.types.Event*) – The event dispatched from the container.

Returns The dependency

Return type mixed

class watson.di.processors.Base

The base processor that all other processors should extend.

When a processor is called from the container the following parameters are sent through with the event.

•definition: The dict definition of the dependency

•dependency: The name of the dependency

Depending on the event, a different target will also be sent with the event.

•watson.di.container.PRE_EVENT: The dict definition of the dependency

•watson.di.container.POST_EVENT: The initialized dependency

class watson.di.processors.ConstructorInjection

Responsible for initializing the dependency.

Responsible for initializing the dependency and injecting any required values into the constructor.

Parameters event (watson.events.types.Event) – The event dispatched from the container.

Returns The dependency

Return type mixed

class watson.di.processors.ContainerAware Injects the container into a dependency.

Responsible for injecting the container in any class that extends watson.di.ContainerAware. The container is then accessible via object.container

Parameters event (watson.events.types.Event) - The event dispatched from the container.

Returns The dependency

Return type mixed

$class \verb+watson.di.processors.SetterInjection+$

Responsible for injecting required values into setter methods.

Parameters event (watson.events.types.Event) – The event dispatched from the container.

Returns The dependency

Return type mixed

watson.di.processors.get_param_from_container(param, container)
Internal function used by the container.

Retrieve a parameter from the container, and determine whether or not that parameter is an existing dependency.

Returns The dependency (if param name is the same as a dependency), the param, or the value of the param.

Return type mixed

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